

**Is the energy of an atomic or a molecular bond real power when it is released upon its breakage versus reactive power when it is borrowed as during its use within a live circuit?**

The energy released upon the breakage of an atomic or molecular bond is considered real power, as it is actual usable energy that can perform work or be converted into other forms of energy. This energy can be harnessed for various purposes.

On the other hand, reactive power is associated with the borrowing or lending of energy within a live circuit, typically due to inductive or capacitive components. Reactive power does not perform actual work but is necessary for maintaining the balance and stability of the electrical system. In summary, the energy released upon the breakage of a bond is real power, while reactive power is related to the borrowing and lending of energy within an electrical circuit.

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*My comment ...*

Resistance converts reactive power into real power. Thus, reactive power can do useful work. This is why lighting up incandescent light bulbs is the simplest method for utilizing reactive power. The Lockridge Device is one example ...

1. [Bedini & The Lockridge Device - Energetic Forum](#)
2. [Energy From the Vacuum - The Lockridge Device \(teslagenx.com\)](#)
3. [John Bedini Window Motor – Nikola TESLA 3 generations later](#)
4. [IceStuff.com: JOHN BEDINI MOTOR DIAGRAMS AND LAB NOTES from The Encyclopedia of free energy,energy21.org,Geoff Egel](#)